Geography Unit 2: In 2022, the Scandinavian countries all ranked in the top 10 happiest countries in the world, why is this?



Varied Climates

The scandinavian countries are very large which means their distance from the equator will vary between locations. For example, Northern locations in Norway and Sweden are inside the Arctic Circle meaning they are very far from the equator whereas Denmark is somewhat closer to the equator. This gives the different locations their different climates.

Sweeden Denmark Norway Population: 10.42 million Population: 5.4 million Population: 5.8 million Capital City: Stockholm Capital City: Copenhagen Capital City: Oslo Main Language: Swedish Main Language: Norwegian Main Language: Danish (Svenska) and Sami Currency: Danish Krone Currency: Swedish Krona Currency: Norwegian Krone Religion: 68% Evangelical Religion: 60% Lutheran Religion: 68% Christian Lutheran (Church of Sweeden) Goverment: Monarchy with Goverment: Monarchy with Goverment: Monarchy with Parliamentary Demoncoracy Parliamentary Demoncoracy Parliamentary Demoncoracy Physical Features 528,442km² 385,207km² 42,952km² Northern Sweeden/Norway: Subarctic cliamte -very long. Temperate climate - similar cold winters and short, cool summers. to that in England with four distinct seasons, evenly Southern Sweeden/Norway: - Less harsh conditions with distributed precipitation climates similar to other European countires such as and temperate England but often with colder winters. temperatures. Landscape Low-lying country - highest Mostly flat/slightly hilly point in Denmak is only 171m Mountinous country with mountinous regions in containing many glaciers, above sea level. the west. Flat with no tall mountians fjords and waterfalls. Lots of lakes. or hills.

The Northern Lights

Scientifically known as the 'aurora borealis', the Northern lights occur when electrically charged particles from the sun's atmosphere are blown towards Earth by solar winds. When they enter the earth's atmosphere they emit light. This phenomenon can bee seen in an oval area over the North Pole and are visible in northern areas of Sweden and Norway.







Glaciers

Huge, thick masses of ice. They form when lots of snow has fallen in one location over many years.

Over time, the snow on the bottom gets compressed by the weight of the new falling snow, becoming ice. They store 75% of the world's fresh water!





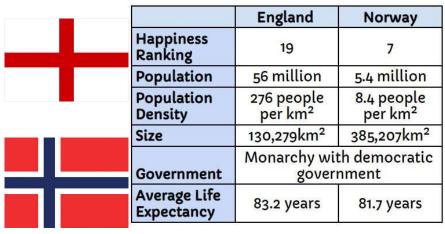
Fjords

A narrow, long body of water that is very deep and has steep cliffs on three sides, with the fourth side being an opening to the sea. To be classed as a fjord, it must be longer that it is wide.



Very windy and little	Biomes in Scandinavia				
Precipitation. Arctic Circle and at high altitudes. Extremely cold. Very windy and little Precipitation. precipitation. No extremes - not too hot or too cold. Low levels of precipitation.	Tundra	Temperate Forest	Taiga		
precipitation. Permafrost. Follows standard season pattern. Evergreen trees (stay green year).	altitudes. Extremely cold. Very windy and little precipitation.	precipitation. No extremes - not too hot or too cold. Follows standard season	exteme cold and 6 months warmer weather. Low levels of precipitation. Evergreen trees (stay green al		

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<u>Work</u>

England	Norway
 Working week 40 hours. Minimum wage ranges from £7.49 (18yr olds) to £10.42 (over 23) per hour. No tax paid on first £12,000 earned each year, 20% after that. Maternity - 1 year off but maximum earnings of £172 a week. Paternity - 2 weeks off with full pay. 	 Working week 34-37 hours. No official minimum wage - average £26 an hour. Everyone pays 22% regardless of earnings. Maternity - 1 year off full pay. Paternity - 15 weeks off full pay.

Education

England	Norway
 Free nursery places for 30 hours a week from age 3. Mandatory education - 4-18 1st year education through play. Children graded and assessed throughout education. At 16 years old, children take GCSEs in English, Maths, Science and up to 7 other subjects - formal exams. University/higher educations fees start at £9000. 	 Free full-time nursery places from age 1. Mandatory education - 6-16 years old. The 1st year education through play. Primary school - no formal grades or assessments given. 16 year olds gain a diploma in education by passing classes - no formal exams. University/higher education is free for Norwegian citizens.

Healthcare

England	Norway
 13th for best healthcare in the world. Healthcare free for all but there is a £9.35 charge for each medicine prescribed. 7 nurses to every 1000 people. Doctor to diagnoses - 126 days. 	 11th for best healthcare in the world. Free for children up to 16, over 68 and pregnant woman - everyone else pays but this is capped at £200 a year. 18 nurses to every 1000 people. Doctor to diagnoses - 60 days

Climate	average weather pattern over a long period of time.	Parliamentary Democracy	a form of government which is voted in by the people of that country.
Arctic Circle	an line of latitude going around the earth very far away from the equator.	Low Lying country	when a location is sitting at or below sea level.
Biomes	areas of the planet with a similar climate and landscape.	Permafrost	when the ground in a location is almost always frozen.
Temperate	temperatures that are in the middle, so not too hot and not too cold	Life Expectancy	how long people are expected to live for.
Monarchy	a form of government where a single person known as the monarch (king/queen) has the final say on any laws.	Population Density	the amount of people that live in a particular place.