

## **St Mary and St Peter**

## **Catholic Primary School**

## **Progression in Phonics and Reading**

Content	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Domains		Key Stage   End Points				Key Stage 2 End Points
Phonic Knowledge	<b>RWI Phonics</b>	<b>RWI Phonics</b>	<b>RWI Phonics</b>	a. Can read age appropriate texts with a good level of	a. Reads with fluency and stamina b. Can use a range of strategies	, , ,
Word Reading/ Decoding/ Fluency	<ul> <li>apply phonic</li> <li>knowledge to decode</li> <li>words</li> <li>speedily read all 40+</li> <li>letters/groups for 40+</li> </ul>	-Can read fluently at 100+ words per minute when reading unknown texts -Can decode unknown words applying phonic knowledge	a. Can decode unknown words rapidly and without undue hesitation b. Can recognise, read and identify the full range of vowel graphemes	fluency and stamina b. Can use a range of strategies to decode unfamiliar words c. Can read and understand the meaning of words with	to decode unfamiliar words without impacting on overall fluency c. Can read and understand the meaning of words with prefixes from the Year 5/6 curriculum	
Read Write Inc.	phonemes •read accurately by blending taught GPC	-Can recognise, read and identify the full range of vowel graphemes	c. Can recognise, read and identify the full range of consonant graphemes d. Can break words into syllables	prefixes from the Year 3/4 curriculum d. Can read and understand the meaning of words with suffixes from the Year 3/4	d. Can read and understand the meaning of words with suffixes from the Year 5/6 curriculum e. Explains how punctuation and sentence construction is used to	
Fluence	<ul> <li>read common</li> <li>exception words</li> <li>read common suffixes</li> <li>(-s, -es, -ing, -ed, etc.)</li> </ul>	-Can recognise, read and identify the full range of consonant graphemes	e. Can read 200 words at expected level in 5 minutes f. Can recognise and read a range of prefixes and use these to construct the	curriculum e. Uses a range of punctuation to add meaning to what they are	enhance meaning f. Uses knowledge of vocabulary and context to give meaning to new language	
	•read multisyllable words containing taught GPCs	- Can break words into two or more syllables - Can read further	meaning of words in context e.g. re, de, pre, non, mis, ex, co, anti	reading f. Gives meaning to new language using the context in which it appears		
	•read contractions and understanding use of	common exception words -Can recognise and read a	g. Can recognise and read a range of suffixes and use			
	apostrophe •read aloud	-Can recognise and read a range of suffixes and use these to construct the	these to construct the meaning of words in context e.gtion,ive,ic			
	phonically-decodable texts	meanings of words in context e.g. ed, ing, er,est, ly, ful, less, ness, ment	h. Can recognise an increasing range of punctuation (. CL ! ? " " , ') and use this to add			
		- Can recognise an	expression and understanding			

		increasing range of punctuation (. CL ! ? " " , ') and use this to add expression and understanding to the text	to the text, including the apostrophe for omission i. Can use the context of the sentence to help read unfamiliar words			
Content	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Domains		Key Stage   End Points				Key Stage 2 End Points
Child as a	<ul> <li>listening to and</li> </ul>	Developing pleasure in	a. Is increasing their	a. Can discuss a range of	a. Gives developed detail in	a. Can use appropriate
Reader/Readin	discussing a wide range	reading	familiarity with a wide range	books and texts that they	discussion about a range of texts,	decoding strategies fluently
g for Pleasure	of poems, stories and	Con contining to in	of books (including fairy	have read, explaining key	including personal opinion	and accurately
	non-fiction at a level	Can participate in discussion about both	stories, myths and legends)	information and giving their	b. Explains different reasons for	b. Can skim texts to get the
	beyond that at which	books that are read to	and retelling some of these	opinion about it	reading, including for enjoyment	general idea of the content
READING	they can read	them and those they read	orally	b. Is able to choose books	c. Perseveres with challenging	of a piece
	independently	for themselves	b. Can read for enjoyment and chooses to read (can	that they enjoy and will challenge them	texts d. Can read and discuss the	c. Can scan texts to find particular information
PLEASURE	•being encouraged to		absorb themselves in a	c. ls familiar with different	construction and meaning of	d. Can read aloud with
	link what they read or	ls increasingly familiar with	book/text)	types of poetry	different types of poetry	intonation that shows
	hear read to their own	a wide range of stories,	c. Can recognise some	d. Recognises similarities	e. Can compare and evaluate	understanding
	experiences	fairy stories and traditional	different forms of poetry (for	and differences between	different texts against their	e. Can construct visual
		tales.	example, free verse, narrative	texts structured in different	intended purpose	images
	*becoming very familiar		poetry)	ways		f. Can compare, contrast and
	with key stories, fairy	Can recognise recurring	d. Can read books that are	e. Uses reading as a tool to		evaluate different texts
	stories and	literary language in poems	structured in different ways	support other aspects of		g. Can talk about the types of
	traditional tales,	and stories	and comment on their	learning		texts they enjoy and that
	retelling them and	Can make links between	structures	f. Understands when it		interest them
	considering their	the book they are reading	e. Can read for a range of	would be helpful to use a		h. Can persevere with
	particular	and other books they have	purposes	dictionary to support		challenging texts (whole
	characteristics	read	f. Can use a dictionary to	reading		texts, including novels) to
			check the meaning of words			read with fluency,
	*recognising and joining	Reads for pleasure and is	they have read			understanding and
	in with predictable	developing reading				expression
	phrases	preferences				
	*learning to appreciate					
	rhymes and poems, and					
	to recite some by heart					
	*drawing on what they					
	already know or on					
	background information					

	and vocabulary provided by the teacher *checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading					
Content	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Domains		Key Stage   End Points				Key Stage 2 End Points
Retrieval Retrieve		3a. Recall main points with reference to the text (who, what, where, when, how, why answers) 3b. Can read closely to obtain specific information e.g. what type of clothes someone was wearing 3c. Can identify, select and highlight key words in a sentence to answer recall questions 3d. Is beginning to scan for a specific purpose e.g. looking for specific information e.g. names of characters 3e. Can recognise and talk about the main differences between fiction and non-fiction texts	a. Shows understanding of main points with reference to the text (who, what, where, when, how, why) b. Can read closely to obtain specific information e.g. what type of clothes someone was wearing c. Can identify, select and highlight key words in a sentence to answer recall questions d. Is beginning to scan for a specific purpose e.g. looking for specific information: names of characters etc e. Is beginning to skim e.g. to search for adjectives which describe a character f. Can recognise and talk about the main differences between fiction and non-fiction texts g. Can identify the key features of different text types	a. Understands and explains the main points from what they have read, with direct reference to the text b. Identify explicit details from the text, showing the section of the text they found the information c. Is able to skim short passages to answer recall questions d. Is able to scan short passages to answer recall questions e. Can talk about key differences between text types, including texts of the same type but written by different authors f. Is able to explain how paragraphs have been used to organise a text g. Is able to explain how the format and	a. Retrieves key details and some quotations from the text to demonstrate understanding of key details/information in a text b. Identify explicit details from the text, showing exactly where in the text they found the information c. Is able to skim whole texts to answer recall questions d. Is able to scan whole texts to answer recall questions e. Can identify the text type according to key features f. Recognises common themes/styles in texts written by the same author g. Comments on the impact of organisational and presentational features of a text	a. Can retrieve key details and quotations to demonstrate understanding of character, events and information b. Can answer who, what, why, where, when, which, how questions, using direct reference to and quotes from the text c. Can provide developed explanations for key information, events, character actions and motivations d. Can provide straightforward explanations for the purpose of the language, structure and presentation of texts e. Can identify whether statements from a text are fact or opinion f. Can decide whether statements about a text are

Content	Year I	Year 2	h. Can understand and talk about the purpose of a specific paragraph e.g. it groups information together about i. Can understand and talk about the features of page layout in non-fiction texts e.g. titles, subheadings, labels, diagrams and charts Year 3	presentation of a text impacts on the reader Year 4	Year 5	true or false, using direct reference to the text Year 6
Domains		Key Stage   End Points				Key Stage 2 End Points
Language and	*discussing word	Can use the context of the	a. Can discuss word	a. Can discuss word	a. Explains clearly how	a. Can show an
Vocabulary	meanings, linking new	text to help read unfamiliar	meanings, linking new	meanings, based on their	vocabulary choices affect	understanding of the meaning
Vocabulary	meanings to those	words	meanings to those they	existing vocabulary	meaning in a range of text types	of vocabulary in different
	already known		already know	knowledge	b. Recognises a range of	contexts
		Can discuss word	b. Can recognise adjectives,	b. Can identify descriptive	descriptive devices including	b. Can find and copy one
		meanings, linking new	adverbs/simple adverbial	devices within a text i.e.	figurative language	word/groups of words with a
6000		meanings to those they	phrases and similes	expanded noun phrases,	d. Comments upon language	particular meaning
Vocabulary		already know	c. Can identify how	adverbial phrases, similes	choices/structures of different	c. Can find words in a text
vocabulary			vocabulary choices affect	etc	authors (particularly in poetry)	that most closely match the
		Can recognise adjectives,	meaning e.g. 'Crept lets you	c. Can explain how	e. Confidently uses new language	meaning of a given word
		adverbs and similes	know that he is trying to be	vocabulary choices affect	from their own reading	d. Can explain what words
		Con identify hours	quiet but also that he was	meaning in a range of text	experiences in their written and	suggest about a given subject
		Can identify how vocabulary choices effect	going slowly because he did not want to be caught'	types d. Can identify language	spoken work f. Explains the use of sentence	e. Can talk about a growing repertoire of vocabulary and
		meaning	d. Can comment on the	used to create atmosphere	structures according to desired	know how to independently
		incaning	author's choice of language	and discuss why this	effect on the reader	find out what unknown
			to create mood and build	language has been chosen		words in text mean
			suspense e.g. suddenly is	e. Uses new language from		f. Can identify a range of
			used to show that something	their own reading		figurative language e.g.
			surprising is coming next	experiences in their		metaphor, simile, alliteration,
			e. Can collect words from	written and spoken work		idioms, euphemism,
			their reading to use in their	f. Can discuss how the use		personification etc.
			own writing	of different sentence types		b. Can comment upon the
			f. Can explain how simple	changes the meaning of a		use and effect of the author's
			and complex sentences	passage		language on the reader
			influence meaning			g. Can explain the effect of
						figurative language upon the
						reader h. Con identify what
						h. Can identify what
						impression a word/words give the reader
		1	1			Sive the reader

Content	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	i. Can understand and recognise different forms of poetry, discuss their meaning and impact on the reader <b>Year 6</b>
Domains		Key Stage   End Points	Teal 5		ical 5	Key Stage 2 End Points
Inference Unfer	*discussing the significance of the title and events *making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	Can discuss the actions of characters and justify views on the basis of what is being said and done Can summarise the main points from a passage or a text Can ask questions to improve their understanding of a text Can identify and discuss favourite words and phrases Can explain what the writer might be thinking Is beginning to identify the author's main purpose for writing	a. Can discuss the actions of the main characters and justify views using evidence from the text b. Can make inferences about characters' actions in a story based upon evidence from the text c. Can identify and discuss characters, speculating how they might behave and giving reasons linked to the text d. Can empathise with a character's motives and behaviour e. Can identify the language used to create mood	a. Is able to describe the actions of characters in a text and begin to explain them, in the context of the narrative b. Can make inferences about characters' actions in a story based on evidence from the text c. Can empathise with a character's motives and behaviours	a. Explains isolated events from a text, in the context of the whole narrative b, can prove or disprove simple statements about a character by finding evidence in a text c, begins to use evidence from description, dialogue and action to support their ideas d, Can empathise with a character's motives and behaviours	a. Can search for simple clues within the text to support 'reading between the lines' b. Can make developed inferences drawing on evidence from the text and wider personal experience c. Can use clues from action, dialogue and description to interpret meaning d. Can prove or disprove a statement about character or setting by finding evidence in the text e. Can explain and justify inferences, providing evidence from the text to support reasoning f. Can empathise with different characters' points of view
Content	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Domains		Key Stage   End Points				Key Stage 2 End Points
Sequencing and Summarising		Identify components of a story - beginning, middle and end Can sequence events in text	c. Can summarise the main points from a passage or a short text.	a. Can summarise the main points from a section of text	a. Can summarise the main points from a whole text	a. Can accurately and selectively summarise main ideas, events, characters and information from fiction b. Can accurately and selectively summarise main ideas, events, and information from non-fiction c. Can identify key details and use quotes for illustration

Prediction Predict Fred	*predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	Can make predictions on basis of what has been read so far	a. Can make plausible predictions based on knowledge of the text (or of books on similar themes or by the same author) a. Is beginning to identify the author's main purpose for writing - 'He doesn't want any more turtles to be killed' b. Is beginning to identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph c. Can explain how they think the author wants the reader to respond d. Can explain what the	a. Can make predictions based on knowledge of the text or similar reading experiences, giving clear reasons for their ideas a. Identifies the main purpose of a text b. Discusses ideas from throughout a text e.g. how a conclusion may be linked to an opening c. Is able to identify intended impact of a text and explain whether they feel the text has had the desired effect	a. Gives feasible, reasoned predictions based on evidence a. Explains the inclusion of different sections of a text i.e. tables in NF, flashbacks in narrative etc b. Selects information from across a text to explain or illustrate their ideas c. Compares the behaviour and feelings of different characters in a text	d. Can accurately order summaries of different paragraphs within a text e. Can identify the main message in a poem/story f. Can use information from the whole text to answer questions e.g. true or false a. Can make developed predictions that are securely rooted in the text b. Can explain their prediction choices fully, using evidence from the text c. Can make predictions about characters including how their behaviour may/may not change and how they may/may not appeal to the reader, justifying answers with reference to the text a. Can make accurate and appropriate comparisons within texts b. Can make comparisons about how a character changes e.g. their opinion, how they are different after a certain event
			writer might be thinking - 'He thinks they are being mean' e. Is beginning to identify and comment on different points	d. Discusses viewpoints in a text, where appropriate of more than one character e. Can evaluate the overall		
			writer might be thinking - 'He thinks they are being mean' e. Is beginning to identify and comment on different points of view in the text	d. Discusses viewpoints in a text, where appropriate of more than one character e. Can evaluate the overall quality of a text, as well as		
			writer might be thinking - 'He thinks they are being mean' e. Is beginning to identify and comment on different points	d. Discusses viewpoints in a text, where appropriate of more than one character e. Can evaluate the overall		
Content	Year I	Year 2	writer might be thinking - 'He thinks they are being mean' e. Is beginning to identify and comment on different points of view in the text f. Can simply evaluate specific	d. Discusses viewpoints in a text, where appropriate of more than one character e. Can evaluate the overall quality of a text, as well as the inclusion of specific	Year 5	Year 6
Domains	Year I	Year 2 Key Stage   End Points	writer might be thinking - 'He thinks they are being mean' e. Is beginning to identify and comment on different points of view in the text f. Can simply evaluate specific texts with reference to text Year 3	d. Discusses viewpoints in a text, where appropriate of more than one character e. Can evaluate the overall quality of a text, as well as the inclusion of specific features Year 4		Key Stage 2 End Points
	Year I		writer might be thinking - 'He thinks they are being mean' e. Is beginning to identify and comment on different points of view in the text f. Can simply evaluate specific texts with reference to text	d. Discusses viewpoints in a text, where appropriate of more than one character e. Can evaluate the overall quality of a text, as well as the inclusion of specific features	Year 5 a. Identifies key themes and styles in books and extracts by a range	

	King Society of the society of	haalis hii sha sama siishan	h Can availain tha interaction of	an ann ti an fiati an an ataileatan
	King Smith often writes	books by the same author	b. Can explain the importance of	narrative fiction contributes
	about animals'	or on a similar theme	cultural or historical settings on	to meaning as a whole
	b. Can recognise some	b. Begins to recognise the	how a text is composed	b. Can find and discuss
	features of the text that	importance of cultural or		evidence of themes and
Explain	relate to its historical setting	historical settings on how a		conventions in different
	or its social or cultural	text is composed		genres and forms of text
	background e.g. 'The girls had			c. Can identify and comment
	on red flannel petticoats			on the grammatical features
	because that is what they			of text
	wore then' or 'Grandpa			d. Can identify key features
	Chatterji wears a dohti			such as setting, action, past
	because he comes from			events
	India.'			e. Can identify and comment
				on the presentational
				features of text
				f. Can use text format and
				text features accurately to
				determine text type
Oracy and	a. Can listen to and discuss a	a. Confidently discusses a	a. Makes links between own	
Reading	wide range of fiction, poetry,	range of reading	reading experiences and that of	
Reading	plays, non-fiction and	experiences with peers and	others	
	reference books or text	adults	b. Constructs detailed responses	
	books	b. Responds orally to texts	about what they have read,	
	b. Can participate in	read to them and those	demonstrating deep	
	discussion about both books	that they have read	understanding and maturity as a	
	that are read to them and	themselves, showing	reader	
		-		
	those they read for	increasing maturity in the	c. Probes texts deeply through	
	themselves, taking turns and	way they engage with the	their own questioning and	
	listening to what others say	discussion	evaluation	
	c. Can ask questions to	c. Chooses skilful questions	d. Confidently presents texts	
	improve their understanding	to improve their	aloud to a range of audiences	
	of a text	understanding of the text	e. Uses information from the	
	d. Can prepare poems and	d. Confidently reads a	text to direct their presentation	
	playscripts to read aloud and	range of texts aloud,	of it to others	
	to perform, showing	considering intonation,		
	understanding through	tone, volume and actions		
	intonation, tone, volume and	e. Demonstrates an ability		
	action	to interpret how a		
	e. Can read dialogue with	character is feeling or		
	appropriate expression	behaving, when reading		
		dialogue aloud.		